An Architecture for the Interoperability Between Rights Expression Languages Based on XACML

X. Maroñas, E. Rodríguez, J. Delgado

Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya http://dmag.ac.upc.edu



- Introduction
- Proposed Architecture
- Interoperability
- Application Scenario
- Conclusions



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Introduction

- Objective --> Interoperability
- Rights Expression Languages (RELs)
 - ODRL
 - XACML (Access Control)
- Previous attempts for RELs interoperability
 - Restrictions through profiles
 - Syntactic Interoperability
 - Restricted semantic mapping



Introduction

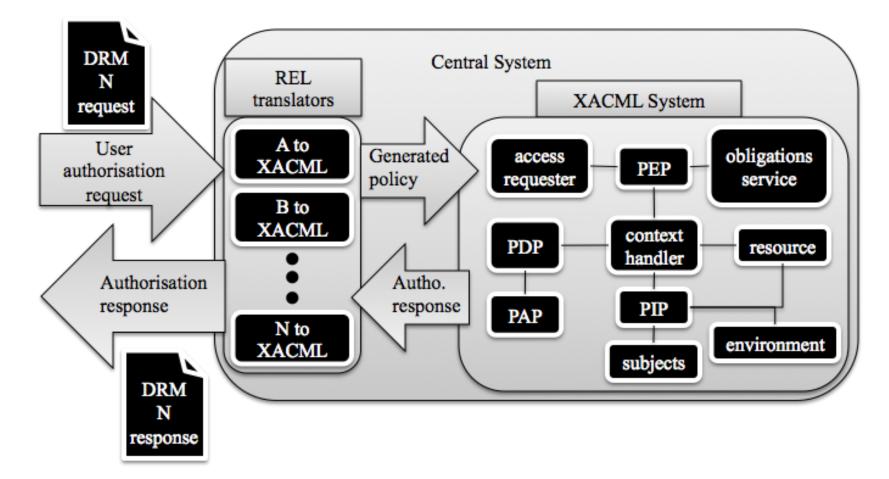
- Interoperability issue:
 - Digital objects are managed in a controlled way by both, DRM and AC (Access Control) systems
 - It is desirable that these types of systems are able to interoperate, to deliver a transparent service to the enduser
 - Definition of a solution that enables users of these systems transparent access and use of protected content, taking into account users' roles and content usage rules



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Proposed Architecture

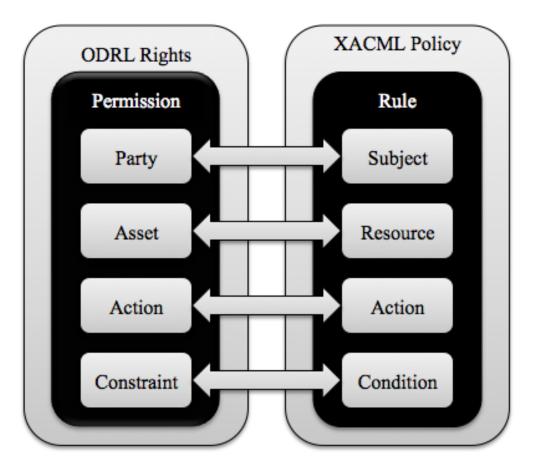




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Interoperability





ODRL to XACML translation (1/4)

Translation for common elements:

Party:

j	
ODRL	XACML
<o-ex:party></o-ex:party>	<xacml:subjects></xacml:subjects>
<o-ex:context></o-ex:context>	<xacml:subject></xacml:subject>
<o-dd:uid>subjectId</o-dd:uid>	<xacml:subjectmatch matchid="</td"></xacml:subjectmatch>
	"urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:string-equal">
	<xacml:attributevalue datatype="[]string"></xacml:attributevalue>
	Subjected
	<xacml:subjectattributedesignator <br="" attributeid="">DataType="[]string"/></xacml:subjectattributedesignator>



ODRL to XACML translation (2/4)

• Action:

ODRL XACML

<o-dd:play/>

<xacml:Policy>

<xacml:Actions>

<xacml:Action>

<xacml:ActionMatch MatchId =

"urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:string-equal">

<xacml:AttributeValue DataType="[...]string">play</xacml:AttributeValue>

<xacml:ActionAttributeDesignator DataType="[...]#string"
AttributeId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:resource:xpath"/>

</xacml:ActionMatch>

</xacml:Action>

</xacml:Actions>

</xacml:Policy>



ODRL to XACML translation (3/4)

Asset:

ODRL	XACML	
<o-ex:asset></o-ex:asset>	<xacml:resources></xacml:resources>	
<o-ex:context></o-ex:context>	<xacml:resource></xacml:resource>	
<o-dd:uid></o-dd:uid>	<xacml:resourcematch matchid="</td"></xacml:resourcematch>	
resourceId	"urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:string-equal">	
	<xacml:attributevalue DataType="[]integer">resourceId</xacml:attributevalue 	
	<xacml:resourceattributedesignator <br="" datatype="[]#string">AttributeId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:resource:xpath"/></xacml:resourceattributedesignator>	



ODRL to XACML translation (4/4)

Constraint:

ODRL	XACML
<o-ex:constraint></o-ex:constraint>	<xacml:condition></xacml:condition>
<o-dd:spatial o-ex:type="</td"><td><xacml:apply functionid="</td"></xacml:apply></td></o-dd:spatial>	<xacml:apply functionid="</td"></xacml:apply>
"prism:vocabs/ISO3166/ES">	"urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:string-equal">
	<xacml:attributeselector <br="" datatype="[]#string">RequestContextPath = "//xacml-context:Resource/xacml- context:ResourceContent/location/country"/></xacml:attributeselector>
	<xacml:attributevalue datatype="[]#string"></xacml:attributevalue>
	ES

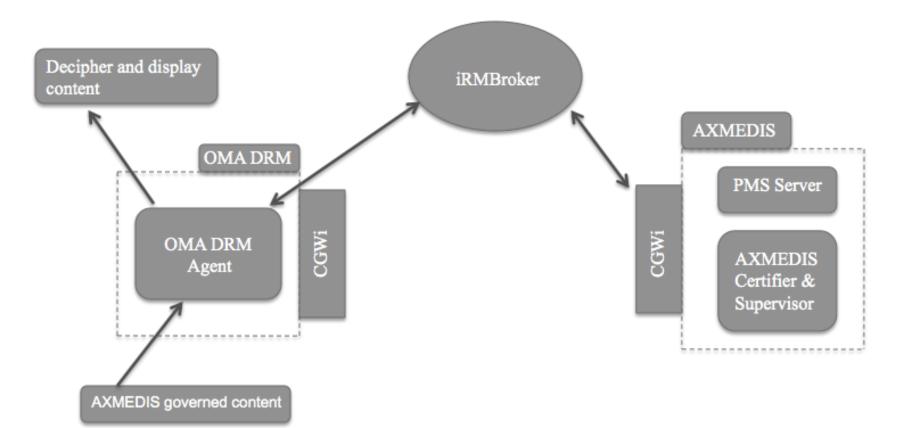


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Application Scenarios (1/2)

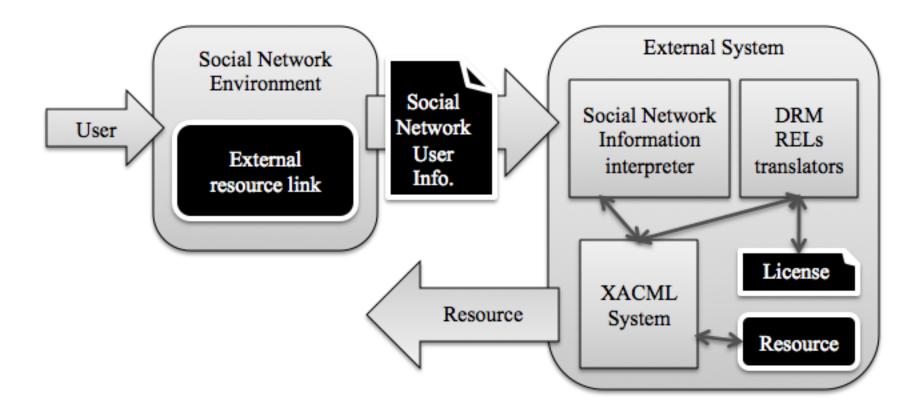
VISNET-II Video Surveillance scenario





Application Scenarios (2/2)

Social Network scenario





Application Scenarios (2/2)





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Conclusions

- Use of XACML to provide interoperability between RELs
- An architecture based on translators and a XACML system
- Example presented in Virtual Collaboration and Social Network scenarios
- Advantages of this solution:
 - A system that can manage digital object from different DRM or AC systems
 - Achieve interoperability between different Rights Expression Languages without loosing information



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